

THANKSGIVING.

Proclamation by the President of the United States.

In accordance with a practice, at once wise and beautiful, we have been accustomed, as the year is drawing to a close, to devote an occasion to an humble expression of thanks to Almighty God for countless and distinguished benefits bestowed upon us as a nation, and for His mercies and protection during the closing year. Amid the rich and free enjoyment of all our advantages, we should not forget the source from whence they are derived, and extend our obligation to the Father of All Mercies. We have full reason to renew our thanks to Almighty God for favors bestowed upon us during the past year. By His continuing mercy, civil and religious liberty have been maintained; peace has reigned within our borders; labor and enterprise have produced their merited rewards, and to His watchful providence we are indebted for security from pestilence and other national calamities. Apart from the other national blessings, each individual among us has occasion to thoughtfully recall and devoutly recognize the favors and protection which he has enjoyed.

Now, therefore, I, Ulysses S. Grant, President of the United States, do recommend that on

Thursday, the 25th day of November, the people of the United States, from their accustomed vocations, do assemble in their respective places of worship, and in such form as may seem most appropriate in their own hearts, offer to Almighty God their acknowledgments and thanks for all His mercies, and their humble prayers for the continuance of the divine favor. In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the city of Washington, this 27th day of October, in the year of our Lord 1875, and of the Independence of the United States the one hundredth.

(Signed) U. S. Grant, President.
Hamilton Fish, Secretary of State.

Proclamation by the Governor.

In conformity with the proclamation of the President of the United States, I, John L. Beveridge, Governor of the State of Illinois, do hereby recommend that Thursday, November 25, 1875, be observed as a day of thanksgiving and prayer to the Supreme Ruler of the Universe for the benefits of His Providence.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the great seal of the State to be affixed.

Done at the city of Springfield, this 9th day of November, A. D. 1875.

JOHN L. BEVERIDGE, Governor.

By the Governor
Geo. H. HANCOCK, Sec'y of State.

The annual report of the Commissioner of Education, just published, shows that the estimated number of children in the United States between the ages of six and sixteen years is 10,500,000. Of these, 8,000,000 are enrolled in the public schools. The total income of the public schools in the States and Territories in 1874 was \$82,000,000. The total expenditures for the States and Territories were \$74,000,000. The highest salaries for school teachers reported are accredited to the Cherokee Nation, \$225 monthly for male, and \$200 monthly for female teachers.

We are in receipt of thrilling news that one detachment of the Russian army in Central Asia has marched from Lake Bagdady to Tschikschiklar, and is now about to go to lake Tschet. The omens are sadly ominous in Central Asia.

THE GREAT SALT LAKE.

A correspondent of the *Inter-Ocean*, writing from Salt Lake City, Nov. 6th, gives the results of a partial survey of the lake, made in August last by Prof. Park, of the Deceat University, and other gentlemen (including the corps-pontons) at the request of the Smithsonian Institute. The party made a series of soundings along the middle of the lake. The greatest depth found was only forty feet, and the least eight feet. Thirteen consecutive soundings, about a mile apart, showed the same depth, thirty feet. The surface temperature of the water was seventy-eight degrees, and the bottom seventy-seven degrees. The length of the lake is stated at ninety miles, and the greatest width about forty miles. There are six islands in the lake.

The writer says: "The lake contains no living thing, except an infusoria, which is full of activity, with a poorly defined form, and of no use. The finest developed was about three-fourths of an inch in length, and was shaped something like the lobster, with long eyes or legs, and having well marked joints."

A narrow-gauge railroad connects Salt Lake City with Lake Point, and in summer a steamboat makes semi-weekly excursions around the lake.

The great charm and beauty of the lake is the lovely, varying color of the water. At times it is a beautiful sky blue, and changing as light and shade fall, through all the tints, to that most beautiful and richest of hues, the deep emerald green—deeper and softer than the ocean, and more like the soft carpet of the earth in early spring. I can compare its beauty to nothing I have ever seen.

THE FATE OF THE WACO PASSENGERS STILL UNSETTLED.

A Batch of Failures Reported from Boston.

THE OFFICERS OF BRITISH VESSEL MURDERED.

PROCEEDINGS AT THE TABERNACLE ON YESTERDAY.

A DISASTROUS FIRE AT ELIS-WORTH, KANSAS.

New York, November 12.—This morning, the ministers held a meeting in the lay college, adjoining the Brooklyn Tabernacle, and spent an hour in prayer for God's blessing and aid. There were over 100 clergymen present from the various churches. They soon entered the Tabernacle, and Mr. Moody had the doors closed, that they might have a few moments in silent prayer, undisturbed.

After the prayer the doors were opened, and the building was filled to its utmost capacity. The gates were again closed, and Mr. Moody prayed for a blessing, and that this day of fasting be a day of searching hearts for sin.

The hymn, "Lord I Hear of Showers of Blessing," was then sung, and Mr. Moody read a portion of the ninth chapter of Daniel.

He said that when God came very near them they had very little to say. Scripture showed that the prophet Jeremiah held on until he heard from heaven. So we should hold on. The prophet said his faith to seeking the Lord, and he had done the same thing this morning.

Silent prayer was again offered, and "Need Thee Every Hour," was sung.

A gentleman in the gallery with a very loud voice, prayed, making the Tabernacle echo, and when he closed Mr. Moody, in a sorrowful tone said: "Now let us have a few moments in silent prayer, and thus get back again to ourselves. That is what we want." Three minutes thus passed, when Mr. Sanky offered prayer.

Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, leaning against the platform, offered this prayer: "Grant unto us, our Heavenly Father, to draw near to Thee. Come to us—we cannot go to Thee—yet not in thy brightness, for we could not live. We cannot bear to see ourselves in the light of Thy countenance. We confess our unworthiness, and we confess, when we look from our souls, our long periods of sin. Thou art as a troubled sea, full of roughness, and of waves. If it be there in any light, it is because the Son of righteousness rises over the horizon and shines. Light is of Thee, and trouble is of us. We confess to Thee how little we have loved one another—how angry we have been with others—how little we have loved goodness. We confess to Thee our pride, and how unwilling we have been to be as little children, to confess our sins to one another, and bow down to one another; and confess to have fallen into judgment over one another. We confess Thee in meekness. We have gone about worldly as other men, pretending to preach Christ, but oh, what Christ? If men have seen an angry Christ, we have no representation. If they have seen an unhumiliated Christ, Christ without burden, Christ without a cross, without tears, without blood—He was our creation; and we have gone about depending upon our wisdom and excellence of speech, preaching an outward Christ, and have borne not all his spirit within us, but the spirit of the world. Oh Lord Jesus, how we have slandered Thee! Our souls are heavy that there is so little of Thee with us; that we are so in fact and in preaching, because we have entered so little into the temple of Thy heart; and now we pray that Thou wilt draw near to us, for we cannot think of Thee in judgment robes. Oh, bring Thy nature home to us, to each one of us."

(GALVESTON TEX., Nov. 12.—Captain Sawyer, the agent of the Mallory line, returned late last night. He says that his party sailed forty miles southward and westward, taking in the entire limits of the main trunk of the gulf, which was thoroughly searched. They found a donkey boat belonging to the (see vessel) bottom side up. A set of steps were also found. Captain Sawyer states that large quantities of the freight from off the deck of the City of Waco were found floating among which were cases of astral oil, which were scored on her upper deck, and thinks this must have been thrown overboard by the crew. Among the articles that were picked up was a jacket life-preserver, from which the string had been torn. No clue was found as to the fate of any of the people.

NEW YORK, Nov. 12.—The steamer Waco, which was burned in Galveston harbor had on board 300 cases of petroleum. The vessel had no right to carry oil, being without the necessary certificate, and her owners will be prosecuted.

THE GERMAN EMPIRE will have a deficit of 5,000,000 thalers, in 1876, unless some new source of revenue is found or some old one made more productive. Both methods are to be tried. Operations on "Change" are to be taxed and the excise-duty on beer is to be raised. The latter is a dubious expedient. An increase in the price of beer at Frankfurt, in 1873, caused some serious riots. The military had to be let loose on the mob. The Teuton must have his beer and must have it cheap. He growls under any taxes, and is not likely to be very patient under a double one.

THE OREGON (New York) Times puts it thus: "Well, we can worry along with both houses of the Legislature and a gain of 40,000 votes, if the Democrats can. If Gov. Tilden thinks it is an 'endorsement,' he is welcome to it."

Rev. Henry Ward Beecher concluded his prayer as follows:

"We need Thee in our outward ministrations; need Thee in the household; need Thee in the transaction of our daily duties; need Thee for waiting; need Thee for coming and going forward; need Thee in the watches of the night, in the house of prayer, in joy and in sorrow. Where can we be that we can pray without Thee? Whom have we in salvation but Thee? There is no one upon earth to be desired by Thy side, than 'chief among thousands, and altogether lovely.'"

This was Mr. Beecher's first active participation in the revival service, and he spoke with his accustomed eloquence.

Rev. Dr. Fulton, the pastor of the Hanson Place Baptist Church, overcome with the disruption in his church, owing to dissensions, occupied a front seat, and was continually weeping, from the time he entered the Tabernacle, then prayed, with the tears still streaming down his cheeks, that God would bless him and give him more of His spirit of grace, that they should bow down as sinners.

At the close of his prayer, the congregation was dismissed, the ladies remaining for a women's meeting.

A physician has sent circulars to most of the clergymen, saying that if he is allowed to speak, he will convince them that there is no heaven and no future state. The ministers have prayed for the conversion of this man.

Nov. 12.—Judge Morse of Brooklyn, has decided to grant an order for a commission to take the testimony of Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Richards in the Loeder perjury case. Counsel for Loeder stated that he should probably apply for orders to take testimony in other States. He states it is likely the trial of Loeder would call forth the evidence of nearly all the parties, who are said to possess information bearing upon the issue between Mr. Beecher and Mr. Tilton.

TOPEKA, KAN., Nov. 12.—A disastrous fire occurred this morning at Ellisworth. Nearly all the leading business houses in the place, and some ten or fifteen dwelling houses, were totally consumed. The buildings were mostly wood, and the facilities for meeting an accident of that kind were so limited, that it was impossible to arrest the fire or to save very much of the contents of the burning houses. The loss is estimated at \$30,000 and the insurance is small.

Boston, November 12.—The *Commercial Bulletin* gives a list of failures, and suspensions for the week. There are nineteen for Boston and elsewhere in New England.

Liabilities of Custer, Tower & Co., Boston, stationers, \$180,000, nominal assets \$138,000. It is thought the firm will pay 35 cents on the dollar.

Andres & Co., boot and shoe dealers, will probably settle with their creditors at 40 cents on the dollar.

New England Carpet Company and Gustaves, Abbott & Co., carpet dealers, are reported failed. Liabilities, \$100,000 each.

W. K. Lanch, lumber merchant, Pittsfield, Mo., has suspended. Liabilities \$50,000 to \$100,000.

NEW YORK, Nov. 12.—A special dispatch from London says: "A telegram from Rochelle, France, states that a bottle containing the following message has been picked up: 'November 8.—Off the coast of Niouva Diop. The crew of the British ship Lennie, Captain Hatfield, from Antwerp for New York, mentioned on the 8th of October, and killed the master, mate, and boatswain.' A telegram from Rochelle, states that a government steamer had discovered the British ship Lennie off Yarmouth, with a boy and five men on board, four of whom are supposed to be accomplices in the mutiny. Six of the crew were Greeks, and escaped in a boat the previous evening."

OUR POSTAL SYSTEM.

Over 20,000,000 new postal cards were issued in October, which indicates their increasing use, as the entire number sold during the past year was but 107,000,000. The whole number of postage stamps issued last year, was near 100,000,000, and their value was \$25,500,000. The number of dead letters during the last year was about 4,500,000; of these, 31,790 contained an aggregate of \$61,000 in money, and 14,225 contained drafts, notes and bills of exchange, to the amount of about \$300,000. The number of letters sent to foreign countries during the past year was 12,500,000, and the number received was 11,800,000, so the United States government makes a net gain of the postage on about 750,000 letters in its foreign postal arrangements.

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LAWS DEED! No rock so hard but a little wave may beat admission in a thousand years. There is hope for Illinois yet.

The constitutional amendment taking away the peremptory right of parties indicted to a change of venue upon mere affidavit that they do not believe they could obtain a fair trial before the court in which they were indicted, was carried at the late election in Maryland by 43,793 votes for, to 20,972 against. The right to a change of venue is not absolutely denied under the amendment but is made a question of determination by the Judge to whom the application is made, according to the circumstances of the case. It will do much to defeat the slyster practice of taking changes of venue under the old Constitution for the mere purpose of cheating justice by the delay.

FOR THE CENTENNIAL.—The first installment of goods for the Centennial Exposition received in this country will be per Swedish steamer "Hindahl," which sails from Stockholm about the first of December for Philadelphia. O. J. Dahl, Danforth, Esq., the Royal Swedish Commissioner to the Centennial Exposition, sailed from Liverpool Oct. 25th, on the steamer "Hindahl."

INCLUDING the Legislatures chosen at the late elections, the Republicans have a majority in the General Assembly of sixteen States, namely: Iowa, Kansas, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Nebraska, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Ohio, Rhode Island, South Carolina, Vermont, and Wisconsin. The Democrats and Opposition have a majority in the Legislatures of Alabama, Arkansas, California, Connecticut, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Illinois, Indiana, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, Missouri, North Carolina, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia, West Virginia, in all twenty-one States. Florida, Illinois, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, and Pennsylvania have Republican Governors and Democratic Legislatures, and Nevada, New Jersey, and New York, Democratic Governors and Republican Legislatures. As compared with the situation a year since, the Republicans have gained control of the Legislatures of three States, which is one of the many indications of the direction in which the tidal-wave is sweeping.

The official canvass of the vote in Cook county was yesterday concluded. Mr. Hock's plurality over Mr. Hising was 3,517, the reduction, from the figures first given being effected by the rejection of the returns from the First Precinct of the Fifth Ward.

Abraham V. Dudley and wife to George Dudley, 10 acres in so corner, section 80, township 15, range 2 east. Warranty—\$400.

Moses Jones and wife to Andrew J. Wallace, 12 acres in so corner, section 3, township 15, range 2 east—\$75.

Hiram R. Wilson and wife to Andrew Dennis, so qr, no qr, sw qr, section 10, township 16, range 2 east.

Andrew J. Wallace to Moses Jones, one acre in so corner, section 8, township 10, range 2 east. Warranty—\$75.

Charles W. Battles and wife to Michael L. Linn, west half, nw qr, section 25, township 15, range 2 east—\$3,700.

Allin Dean and wife to Martin P. Murphy, e hf, sw qr and sw qr, sw qr, section 15, township 15, range 2 east—\$4,300.

Samuel D. Smith and wife to Henry Kain, sw qr, no qr, section 25, township 10, range 2 east—\$1,400.

Hugh Cren to Cyrus B. Prescott, lot 1, block 4, Palmetto & Burrows' addition, and lot 15, block 1, Smith & Co.'s addition—\$400.

James S. Weldon and wife to Isaac Weldon, ne qr, so qr, section 33, township 15, range 2 east—\$1,300.

Enphiguzum and Francis Dapray to Charles S. Lewis, lots 11, 14 and 15, block 18, Blue Mount—\$400.

William A. Barnes and wife to Mary A. Sherman, lot 6, block 3, Wm. A. Barnes' subdivision—\$250.

Wm. C. Outten and wife to Robert G. Hervey, ne hf and nw qr, so qr, section 14, township 15, range 2 east—\$4,570.00.

Joseph W. King and wife to B. K. Hamsher, und. hf of lots 8 and 9, block 3, Yates & King's Addition—\$300.

Abner Yates, admr., to B. K. Hamsher, und. hf of lots 8 and 9, block 3, Yates & King's Addition—\$150.

Thomas O. Sterrett and wife to David L. Schroll, e hf ne qr sec. 11, town 17, range 1 east—\$3,000.

Chas. E. Lyon and wife to Joseph A. Cory, lot 3, block 2, North Addition to Decatur—\$500.

Joseph W. King and wife to Isaac A. Buckingham, und. hf of lot 4, block 3, Yates & King's Addition to Decatur—\$75.

John Chadwallader and wife to Joseph Faith, nw qr, sw qr, sec. 10, town 17, range 1 east—\$1500.

James W. Edwards and wife to Lovi Towle, 15 acres in so qr, sec. 9, town 17, range 4 east—\$225.

James Allison and wife to Andrew H. Cain, nw qr ne qr sec. 8, town 17, range 1 east—\$2500.

William A. Barnes and wife to Virgil H. Park, lot 8, block 4, W. A. Barnes' subdivision—\$225.

David G. Sonner and wife to Samuel Sonner, nw qr and a hf sw qr, and sw qr sw qr sec. 10, town 14, range 3 east—\$3,000.

THE PRINCE OF WALES.

The character of the Prince of Wales is as notorious as the sun at noon-day. It is not the whispered scandal of private malice, but is hizzoned to the four winds, and known to the whole world. The Prince of Wales is a patron of profligacy, and though young in years, a veteran in the foulest turpitudes. The evidence of his depravity is found in his enormous indiscretions, which towers like a gloomy pyramid in the howling waste of his mispent life—as the monument of his debauchery—the unpardonable testimony of his low, sordid licentiousness. We must go to the foul depths of Roman history—to Messalina and Hollogabala—to find turpitudes so extreme or corruption so unlimited.—*Irish World*.

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NEW GOODS

—AT THE—

CHEAP CASH DRY GOODS HOUSE

Hays & Bruce

Invite special attention to fresh arrivals of the

LATEST FALL STYLES

—IN—

DRESS GOODS!

In all the New and Fashionable Fabrics and Shades, at low prices.

Imported and Domestic Shawls, Imported Beaver Cloth Cloaks, New Cloths and Cassimers,

For men and boys, Plain, Plaid and Striped WATER-PROOFS, all grades, complete assortment of Ladies', Children's and Men's UNDERWEAR, in different weights and sizes, full lines of Ladies' and Children's Cashmere, Marino, Wool and Cotton Hosiery, plain, and Batmoral Yarns and Felt Skirts.

OUR DOMESTIC DEPARTMENT

Is "stock" full of all kinds of Domestic Goods, all prices, Plain and Plaid Flannels, New Trimmings, large stock of Yarns, Collars, Cuffs, Ruchers and Ruchings, Kid Gloves, Table Oil Cloth, Curtain Hoods, Nottingham Lace Curtains, Valences and Lambrequins, New Quilts, Towels, Table Cloths—in fact, as large and complete a stock of Dry Goods as was ever shown in the city—all marked in plain figures, and ONE-PRICE TO EVERYBODY.

Sept. 20, 1875—d.w.f.

FALL AND WINTER GOODS!

S. EINSTEIN

Has now on hand his full stock of

Fall and Winter Goods,

Which

